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U**.S. Fears**

For Future Of OAS

By Stewart Hensley United Press International

The United States fears that he failure of the Organization f American States to act desively in the Dominican risis may permanently imair its effectiveness.

American officials believe the hemispheric alliance can egain its prestige and self-reect only by acting swiftly two issues:

Establishment of the alady approved inter-Ameriin peace-keeping force.

2. Assumption of dynamic adership in working out a plitical solution in the strifern Dominican Republic.

So far, three and one-half eeks after being confronted ith its "moment of truth," ie OAS has been unable to ike a strong initiative on ther point.

wo Consequences

This "vacillation," as U.S. fficials describe it, has had we consequences that Washigton deplores:

1 It has forced the United tates to resume the role of remispheric policeman," hich it had abandoned more ran 30 years ago.

2. It has permitted the Unit-1 Nations to move into a reional quarrel in this hemishere for the first time.

[Latin American members of the OAS have indicated with arving degrees of vehemence that the United States jumped other than was pushed into esuming the role of "hemisheric policeman."

In addition, skepticism and ifferences among the Latin embers over the U.S. role e given as a principal ream for the OAS's indecisive andling of the crisis.

[Another element cited as

apending action is Latin sentivity to the political winds home, where there have sen protests against what is garded as a U.S. move to awart democratic forces in the Dominican Republic.

nwilling Leader

The United States however, as felt obliged to assume an nwelcome position of leader-hip in trying to get the waring Dominican factions to op shooting and form a coation government. U.S. offials recognize that this is a sk likely to leave Washingn with more enemies than iends.

In the first week of the cris, President Johnson said at communist conspirators ad taken over control of the ebellion. And the United tates fostered creation of a nilitary-civilian junta.

Now the United States finds self unable to get this junta of stop fighting and negotiate with the rebels, who have inicated a willingness to do so urthermore, some officials rivately acknowledge Mr. Johnson went too far when he aid the rebellion was dominated by Reds.

No Illusions

The United States has never and any illusions about the bility of the OAS to act peedily. However, it has ound the Organization useful n molding a hemispheric conensus on critical issues and traping the mantle of multiateral approval over Washingon's actions.

This has had the effect of seeping the United Nations rom concerning itself with semispheric matters, thus locking Soviet and other communist efforts to get a sand in negotiations and set-lements.

However, the Dominican risis found a number of the atin American states in paricularly perilous political sitation at home. This has seen one of the principal facors preventing OAS member tates from moving more decively, even though they know hat the future of their hemisheric Organization is in dancer.